

## GOMEZ DECLARED PRESIDENT OF MEXICO

VASQUISTA COMMANDERS SIGN STATEMENT NAMING PALOMAS AS CAPITAL

**OPPOSE THE MADERO REGIME**  
IN A PROCLAMATION REASONS FOR NON-FAITH TO GOVERNMENT ARE GIVEN

**ARE FRIENDLY TO AMERICANS**

HOTBED OF REVOLUTION CENTERS IN THE VICINITY OF CHIHUAHUA STATE

El Paso, Texas, Feb. 15.—A proclamation signed by all the Vasquista commanders in Chihuahua declaring Vasquez Gomez president of Mexico, giving reasons for opposing Madero, and assuring Americans of friendly attitude has been issued at Palomas, Chihuahua, which has been temporarily made the seat of the Vasquista government. The proclamation is signed by General Emilio P. Campa and all the colonels and majors of the Vasquista army.

### American Soldiers Arrested

American soldiers went into Juarez this morning through mistake and international trouble is threatened as a result. The soldiers were new men here and a company of them attempted to go around from one international bridge to another on the Mexican side. They were stopped by Mexican guards and the whole town was quickly in arms. Cars have stopped running, no Americans can get across and the river is lined with armed Mexicans doing guard duty. The Americans are members of a battalion of the Eighteenth infantry who came from Arizona Tuesday. The soldiers were placed under arrest by the Mexican guards.

The Americans were under command of Lieutenant M. W. Fields, who says he made no mistake. The town has quieted down now, and the men were released.

Owing to the embargo on traffic across the international boundary, it was announced at 1:45 o'clock that there would be no racing at the Juarez track today.

### Colonel Kosterlitzky Resigns

Cananea, Sonora, Mex., Feb. 15.—Colonel Emilio Kosterlitzky, the noted cavalryman and leader of Mexican rurales, has resigned his commission following an order transferring him from Sonora to Chihuahua. Juan Cabral, one of the Madero lieutenants who took a leading part in the anti-Diaz war, has been designated as Kosterlitzky's successor but has not assumed command.

Kosterlitzky, who has been in the Mexican military service continuously since 1873, announced today that he intended to retire to his home in Magdalena, Sonora.

### An Aeroplane Needed

Washington, Feb. 15.—American cavalrymen on the Mexican border make many a long and tiresome gallop that would be unnecessary, it is said in army circles here, if the border force had an aeroplane squad. An example is cited in the order given Colonel Steevers' cavalrymen to ride 86 miles over sand from El Paso to Bailey's ranch, near Columbus, N. M., to investigate a report that armed Mexican revolutionists were pillaging and stealing cattle across the American boundary. An aeroplane could have made the return trip within a few hours and its driver would have had the advantage of the cavalrymen in his ability to have a look over the boundary line.

There is an army aeroplane at San Antonio, Texas, that was used successfully during the Madero revolution. It is worthless to the border guards now because no crew has been provided for it.

### COLONEL STILL SILENT

New York, Feb. 15.—Senator Moses E. Clapp had a long conference with Colonel Roosevelt here today. He escaped the reporters at the conclusion of the interview and Colonel Roosevelt declined to say what had been discussed.

## DR. SUN RESIGNS AS PRESIDENT OF CHINA

LAYS DOWN REIGNS OF GOVERNMENT IN THE INTERESTS OF A UNITED NATION.

**FORMER PREMIER SUCCESSOR**

YUAN SHI KAI, HOWEVER, WAS OPPOSED BY CHINESE IN THIS COUNTRY AND NANKING.

**RESOLUTIONS ARE ADOPTED**

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY DESCRIBES RETIRING EXECUTIVE AS A GREAT PATRIOT.

Nanking, Feb. 15.—The national assembly this afternoon unanimously elected Yuan Shi Kai president of the republic and then decided that the provisional capital shall be Nanking. Dr. Sun Yat Sen's resignation of the presidency of the Chinese republic has been accepted by the national assembly here on condition that both he and the present cabinet hold office until the new president and cabinet take over their duties.

The election of ministers and of the president took place this afternoon. In a letter to the assembly, in which he offers to lay down the office of chief executive, Dr. Sun says: "Yuan Shi Kai has declared that he adheres unconditionally to the national cause. He would surely prove a loyal servant of the state. Besides this, Yuan Shi Kai is a man of constructive ability upon whom our united nation looks with the hope that he will bring about the consolidation of its interests. The happiness of our country depends upon your choice. Farewell."

The national assembly afterward passed a resolution paying great tribute to Dr. Sun as follows:

"Such an example of purity of purpose and self sacrifice is unparalleled in history. It was solely due to his magnanimity and modesty that northern China was won over." Yuan Shi Kai's refusal to come to Nanking has caused some reaction here. A section of the members of the senate declares that it will not elect Yuan Shi Kai president of the republic. This opposition to the former imperial premier has been strengthened by a report received here that Yuan Shi Kai is engaged in seeking recognition from the foreign legations in Peking and that he has received some encouragement.

### A Diplomatic Move.

San Francisco, Feb. 15.—Cablegrams protesting against the election of Premier Yuan Shi Kai to the presidency of the Chinese republic have been forwarded by representatives of the majority of the Chinese in North and South America to the assembly at Nanking. The Chinese Republic association cabled the assembly from its offices in San Francisco that Yuan Shi Kai was objectionable because of his friendly relations with the Manchu dynasty. He was branded in the cablegram as an "obstructor of progress."

The news of Yuan's election caused depression in the local Chinese quarter. Republicans who supported Dr. Sun Yat Sen remain loyal to him and declare they will follow his instructions. Local republican leaders did not take Dr. Sun's resignation seriously until today. They regard Yuan Shi Kai's election to the presidency as a diplomatic move to pacify northern China, the Manchu's stronghold.

### Republican Flag Flying.

Rome, Feb. 15.—The Chinese legation here today for the first time hoisted the republican flag. The minister also officially announced the proclamation of the republic. Many callers went to the legation to offer their congratulations.

### GEORGIA FARMERS' UNION.

Macon, Ga., Feb. 15.—Progressive farmers from every section of the state filled the chamber of commerce auditorium today when President P. F. Duckworth, of Union City, called to order the annual convention of the Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union of Georgia.

## INDICTED MEN ARE DODGING ARREST

SIX OF THOSE CHARGED WITH DYNAMITING HAVE NOT BEEN APPREHENDED.

**BOARD MEMBER WAS AT LARGE**

FEDERAL OFFICERS HAD A HARD TIME IN LOCATING MICHAEL J. YOUNG.

**HE WAS WANTED VERY BADLY**

APPREHENSION OF BOSTONIAN IS PARTICULARLY DESIRED BY THE GOVERNMENT.

Indianapolis, Feb. 15.—Official reports received by the government today showed that only six out of the 54 men indicted in the dynamite conspiracy had not been arrested. They are:

J. J. McRay, formerly an iron worker of Wheeling, W. Va., but said to have left there.

J. W. Irwin, Peoria, Ill., local union official.

Frank K. Painter, Omaha, Neb., local union official, said to have left that place.

Milton H. Davis, Philadelphia, former member executive board.

Patrick Ryan, Chicago, local business agent.

William K. Benson, Detroit, former president of the Detroit Federation of Labor.

The officers were of the opinion that M. J. Young, executive board member, had run away but he was arrested late today.

District Attorney Miller was in communication with the federal authorities at Boston regarding the search for Young. Mr. Miller said the government was particularly anxious to apprehend Young, who is one of the five executive board members indicted.

The members are Frank M. Ryan, president of the iron workers; Herbert H. Hoeklin, of Detroit; John T. Butler, of Buffalo, N. Y., and Patrick A. Cooley, of New Orleans.

### Young Surrenders.

Boston, Feb. 15.—Michael J. Young, business agent for the Boston branch of the iron workers' union, surrendered to a United States marshal today in connection with the dynamite conspiracy indictment against him. He was held in \$10,000 bail for a hearing next Saturday.

Bail was not furnished, but as counsel who accompanied Young said he expected bondsmen to appear, the prisoner was remanded to the custody of the marshal.

## TODAY IN CONGRESS.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Senate: In session at 2 p. m.

Finance committee continued hearing on steel tariff revision bill.

House: Met at noon.

Democrats being urged to frame and take up wool tariff bill before sugar schedule.

Rules committee authorized favorable report of Pajo resolution for money trust investigation.

Agricultural department's circular letter on Florida everglades, suppression of which brought about investigation, produced at hearing.

Steel corporation's care of its employees was explained to Stanley committee by Director Percival Roberts, Jr.

Correspondence on Panama independence produced before foreign affairs committee in hearing on Rainey resolution to reimburse Colombia.

### NORTHWEST MINING CONGRESS.

Spokane, Wash., Feb. 15.—The first annual meeting of the Northwest Mining congress began in this city today with an attendance of delegates from California, Idaho, Montana, Oregon, Washington, Alberta and British Columbia. The meeting will last three days, during which time a wide variety of subjects relating to the mining industry will be discussed.

## DIRECTORS' ROW MAY RELEASE THE CAT

FELINE TO BE LET OUT OF SACK BY HENRY CLAY PIERCE AND ASSOCIATES

**WILL EMBARRASS STANDARD**

DISCOMFITED ASPIRANT FOR CONTROL OF OIL INTERESTS IS WISE TO THE GAME

**DIDN'T OBEY COURT'S ORDERS**

MINORITY LEADER TO SHOW THAT BIG TRUST NEVER REALLY DISSOLVED

St. Louis, Feb. 15.—Beaten, on the face of the returns of the annual stockholders' election, by the Standard-Rockefeller interests for control of the Waters-Pierce Oil company, Henry Clay Pierce and his associates laid the groundwork today for a legal fight for control.

Through one of the representatives of the Pierce interests a statement was given out attacking the good faith of the Standard interests in complying with the decree of dissolution of the United States supreme court and the supreme court of Missouri, ousting the Standard from this state, and charging that the individuals charged in the government suit with conspiracy in restraint of trade, were trying to perpetuate the oil trust in a new form.

The fight between the Pierce and Rockefeller interests for the control of the Waters-Pierce company was taken into court upon a writ of mandamus filed by the Rockefeller interests to compel the tellers appointed by Pierce to count the ballots offered by the Standard-Rockefeller stockholders through M. M. Vanburen and Walter F. Taylor as proxies.

The Pierce representatives charge that the Standard-Rockefeller interests were conspiring not only to perpetuate the oil trust through the individual control of the many corporations which formerly constituted the Standard Oil company of New Jersey, but that they were planning to get control of the oil business of Mexico.

When the attempt was made to vote, Pierce filed a written protest. The Standard interests wished to vote for three directors. Pierce protested against the acceptance of the vote of the Archbold stock and against the acceptance of the vote of all other stock owned by persons confederated or allied with Archbold, Rockefeller and the old Standard Oil.

While the meeting was in session attorneys for the Standard Oil faction obtained from Judge Kinsey an alternative writ of mandamus to compel the Waters-Pierce tellers to record the votes cast by the Rockefeller interest. Judge Kinsey ordered the defendants to appear in court Saturday afternoon and show cause why they should not count the contested ballots.

The fight between the Standard Oil interests and the H. Clay Pierce forces for control of the Waters-Pierce Oil company was carried into the court today by the Standard Oil company filing a mandamus suit to compel the tellers at the stockholders' meeting at the annual election to accept the "split stock" votes of the Standard faction. The petition of the standard was granted by the circuit court. The petition was directed against attorneys for Pierce as inspectors at the elections. The polls opened soon after the mandamus suit was filed.

### Dividends Decreasing

New York, Feb. 15.—The Standard Oil company of New Jersey today declared a dividend of \$5 a share, compared with \$7 declared three months ago and \$15 declared a year ago. Today's dividend was the first one to be declared since the dissolution under the mandamus of the supreme court. In the last few years the Standard company, or parent organization, declared dividends aggregating 40 per cent a year.

## BOLD ROBBERY IS PERPETRATED IN GOTHAM

THREE HIGHWAYMEN SPRANG INTO TAXICAB AND ROB MESSENGERS OF \$25,000

**HAD THE DEED WELL PLANNED**

BANDITS PUT PLOT INTO EXECUTION ON BUSY THOROUGHFARE IN DAYLIGHT

**ESCAPED IN A TOURING CAR**

NO TRACE OF THE MEN HAS BEEN DISCOVERED AS THEY MADE A HASTY RETREAT

New York, Feb. 15.—Twenty-five thousand dollars in currency was stolen today from a taxicab in the heart of the financial district by three highwaymen who sprang into the vehicle and overpowered William F. Smith and Frank Wardell, messengers of the East River National bank. Both messengers were seriously injured and the robbers escaped with the money \$15,000 in dollar bills and \$10,000 in hundred dollar bills. The currency was being transported from the Produce Exchange bank in the lower part of the city.

The taxicab had proceeded up Broadway without mishap when, for some reason, the chauffeur turned west on Rector street into Church street, skirting the side and rear of Trinity churchyard. About midway of the old cemetery three men sprang from the curb. One jumped on the chauffeur's seat; the other two got into the vehicle. The man on the seat pressed a revolver in his overcoat pocket against the side of the chauffeur, Gino Martini, and commanded him to drive swiftly on without making an outcry. Inside the vehicle the two robbers were belaboring the bank messengers over the head. Smith, one of the messengers, is 61 years old and was bleeding and almost unconscious when the taxicab reached Park Place, a few blocks north. Wardell was badly beaten about the head but not seriously hurt.

At Park Place the highwaymen jumped from the taxicab bearing a tin box which they had wrested from the messengers and which contained the currency. In a flash they had sprung into a big black automobile which seemed to be awaiting their coming and were quickly lost in the maze of traffic.

Martini, the taxicab chauffeur, continued to run his machine until he found a policeman. He gave the alarm and the two injured messengers were taken to a police station. Smith's condition was so serious that he was removed to a hospital. Wardell's scalp was badly lacerated but because of his youth he stood the fight well.

### FIVE MEN TO HANG

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 15.—The state board of pardons decided today that the four murderers of Fred W. Guelow must hang tomorrow in the Cook county jail. The slayers are Ewald and Frank Shillawski, Thomas Schultz and Phillip Sommerling. With them will hang Thomas Jennings, the negro burglar who shot and killed Clarence Hiller, a railroad official, in Hiller's Chicago home and whose petition for commutation was denied yesterday.

### TRIAL NEARING END

Fort Worth, Texas, Feb. 15.—What are expected to be the closing scenes in the fight of John B. Sneed to justify the killing of Captain A. G. Boyce were staged here today. The defense closed its case and immediately the prosecutor introduced witnesses in rebuttal. One of the last acts of the defense was to work into the record a copy of a letter written by Sneed to his elderly father in which the prisoner expressed the hope of avoiding trouble with Captain Boyce.

### Y. M. C. A. MEETING.

Hannibal, Mo., Feb. 15.—A number of religious workers of wide reputation are on the program for address at the thirty-fifth annual convention of the Missouri Y. M. C. A., which met here today.

## COURT MARTIAL FOR ADJUTANT GENERAL

AINSWORTH IS CHARGED WITH CONDUCT TO THE PREJUDICE OF GOOD DISCIPLINE.

**IS RELIEVED FROM HIS DUTIES**

WAR SECRETARY SAYS OFFICER USED LANGUAGE THAT JEOPARDIZED HIS HONOR.

**FRICTION OF LONG STANDING**

ACCUSED MAN IS THOUGHT TO HAVE FURNISHED MATERIAL FOR ARMY CRITICISM.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Adjutant General Fred C. Ainsworth of the army has been relieved from duty at the war department and soon will be ordered before a court martial. While the charges have not been framed, it is understood they will be based on conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline and perhaps insubordination.

Serious friction long has existed between the adjutant general's office and the general staff and the crisis came when Secretary Stimson sided with the latter. Matters were brought to an issue by a report made last week by General Ainsworth to the secretary of war in connection with the muster and pay rolls and Secretary Stimson felt that the adjutant general had used language that impugned his own integrity and fairness as well as other officers of the department.

The record shows that General Ainsworth remarked it would be difficult, if not impossible, to formulate any statement that would carry conviction to anyone unimpaired of consequences or so informed as to the needs of government and the public. It was assumed that he referred either to the secretary or to the officers of the general staff.

Again the adjutant general characterized the staff proposal "as a mere subterfuge of the kind that would be scorned by honorable men," and that the proponents "had betrayed a lamentable lack of knowledge."

Secretary Stimson, in a note to General Ainsworth, said that rudeness and ill temper had become habitual on the part of the latter. He also declared the Ainsworth report to be the culmination of a series of outbreaks evincing "such intolerance of insubordination and such readiness to impugn the motives or the intelligence of those with whom it is your duty to work in association as, if uncorrected, to destroy your usefulness in your present office." Regarding the attack on himself, Secretary Stimson said he referred the matter to the president, who directed General Ainsworth's release pending disciplinary measures.

General Leonard Wood, chief of staff, has had many clashes with General Ainsworth. Colonel H. P. McCain has succeeded General Ainsworth.

Although a rupture between the general staff and the adjutant general's office has been regarded for some time as inevitable in view of the extremely bitter personal relations that have existed and particularly since the rather sensational reorganization scheme reported from the house committee on military affairs in connection with the pending army appropriation bill, today's action of the secretary of war and the president proved a decided sensation.

Although General Ainsworth has repeatedly denied responsibility or authorship for the legislation reported from the military committee and opposed by the administration, it was believed that he at least was furnishing the ammunition for the congressional opponents of the war department's policies.

### A TEXAS LYNCHING

Marshall, Tx., Feb. 15.—A mob lynched George Sanders and Mary Jackson, a negro and negress, hanging them to the same tree just across the Panola county line, it was learned here today. The negroes had lived at the same house with Sneed, the young negro who shot and killed Paul Strange, a white man, on January 29.

## WRECKS END THE LIVES OF TWELVE

TRAIN FALLS THROUGH ROOF OF BANK IN BINGHAM, UTAH, KILLING FIVE MEN

**ENGINEER LOST CONTROL**

LOCOMOTIVE WAS COMING DOWN STEEP GRADE FROM MINES WHEN IT LEFT RAILS

**TRAINMEN MEET AWFUL DEATH**

COLLISION AT YARMOUTH, ME., IS FOLLOWED BY THE BURNING OF SMASHED EQUIPMENT

Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 15.—Four men were killed and four slightly injured when a locomotive hauling three cars loaded with ore jumped the track, rolled down a hill 75 feet and crashed through the roof of the Citizens' State bank and the Bingham Dye works at Bingham, Utah. Two of the men killed were sleeping in the tailor shop.

Fred Sharkey, cashier of the bank, was asleep in a rear room of the bank when the crash came. He was hurled into the street but was uninjured. According to the yardmaster at Bingham, Engineer Fred Annis lost control of his engine while it was coming down a steep grade from the mines, following an ore train. The engine left the track at a sharp curve directly over the business section of the town.

S. W. Brown, foreman in charge of the train, and Dan Goodnow, fireman, escaped injury by jumping. Felix Lombard, a boiler washer in the employ of the Denver and Rio Grande railroad, had just finished work and was going home, riding on the engine.

The tender of the locomotive fell squarely on the bed in which C. W. Lewis, proprietor of the tailor shop, and the man yet unidentified were sleeping. Every bone in their bodies was broken. Engineer Annis and Felix Lombard were killed. Annis was a new man on the road and was returning to town from his first trip to the mines when the accident occurred.

The track was on a seven per cent grade and the train was traveling at high speed when the engine left the rails. The cars attached to the locomotive were broken loose and were thrown against the side of the mountain on the uphill side of the track. Three stores were completely wrecked and the back end of the bank building demolished.

### Three Burned to Death

Yarmouth, Me., Feb. 15.—Three trainmen were burned to death today when fire in the wreckage of two Grand Trunk freight trains, which collided near North Yarmouth, reached the demolished locomotive in which they were imprisoned.

One of the men in the engine cab, Harry Corliss, was alive when villagers reached the scene but was so wedged in that he could not be extricated before the fire enveloped him. Corliss begged that something be given him to ease his sufferings and chloroform was administered by a physician. Shortly after the villagers were driven back by the heat.

### Many Passengers Hurt

Altoona, Pa., Feb. 15.—Four passengers were killed and 25 others injured today when the Pennsylvania limited express, which left Chicago at 5:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon and was due in New York at 5:30 p. m. today, was wrecked at Warrior's Ridge, Pa.

The train left Altoona one hour and seven minutes late. It contained a postal car and ten steel passenger cars, hauled by two locomotives. The train arrived here from Pittsburgh with 90 sections occupied and seven persons boarded the train at Altoona. While passing Warrior's Ridge station the two locomotives and a postal car broke away from the rest of the train and ran ahead a quarter of a mile. The remainder of the train upset or fell over, all the cars falling.

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